



Capacity building for modernization of institutions, governance and business processes

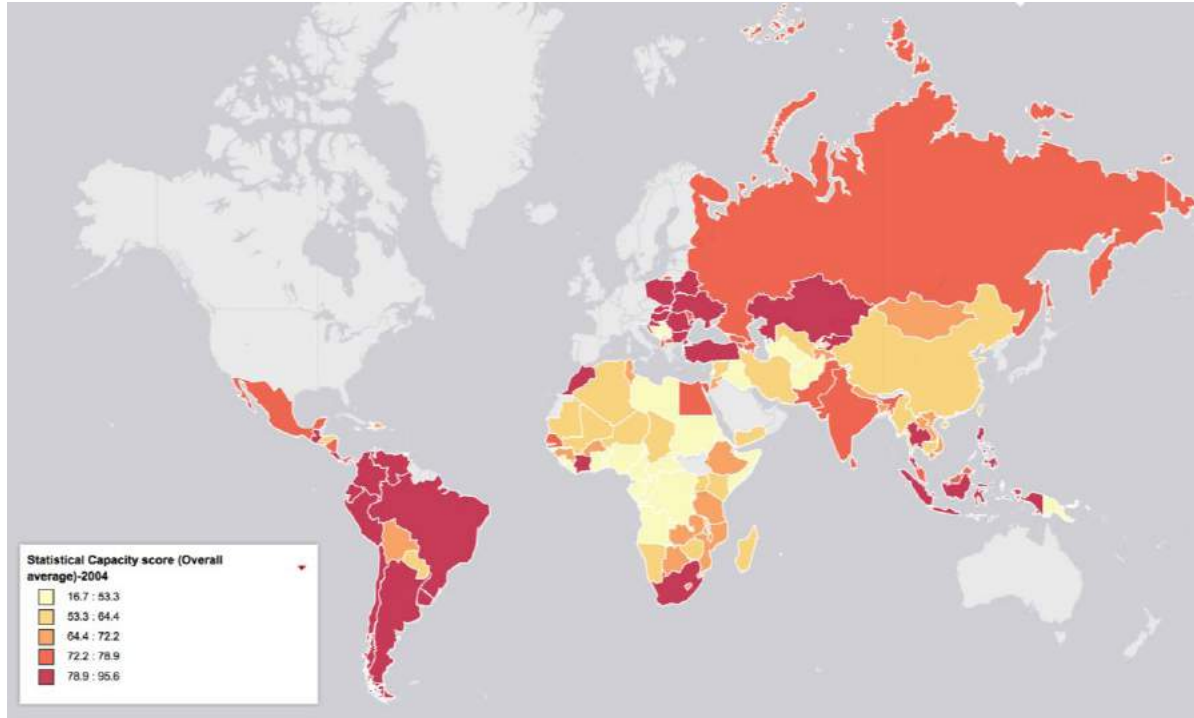
United Nations World Data Forum

Cape Town, South Africa

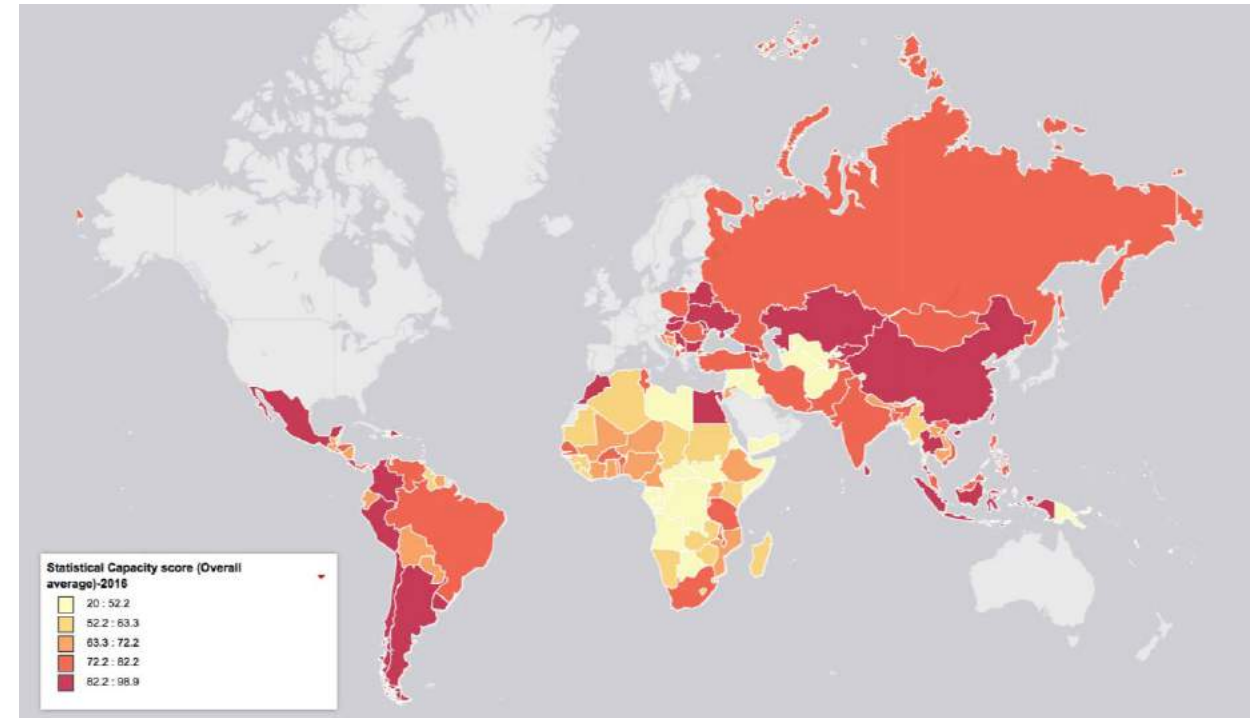


Developing Statistical Capacity Worldwide – progress, but...

2004



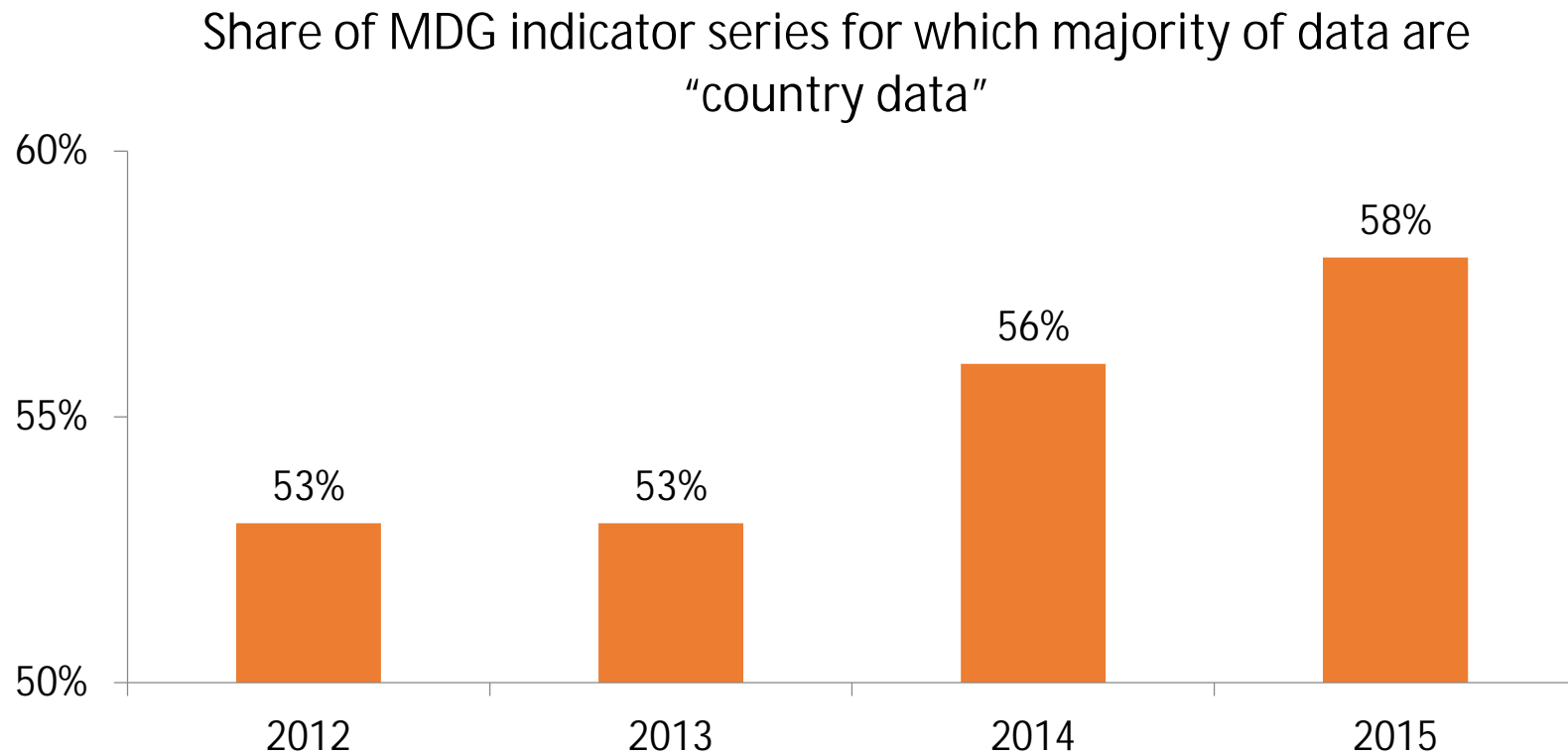
2016



While we have seen progress in the last ten years, we need to accelerate improvement.

Measuring measurement progress

SDG target 17.18: “SDG indicators with full disaggregation produced at national level”














Source: UNSC (2015). Report of the Secretary-General on development indicators for monitoring the Millennium Development Goals.

Our hypothesis

The SDGs and the data revolution require a fundamental shift in how we think and do capacity development in data and statistics.



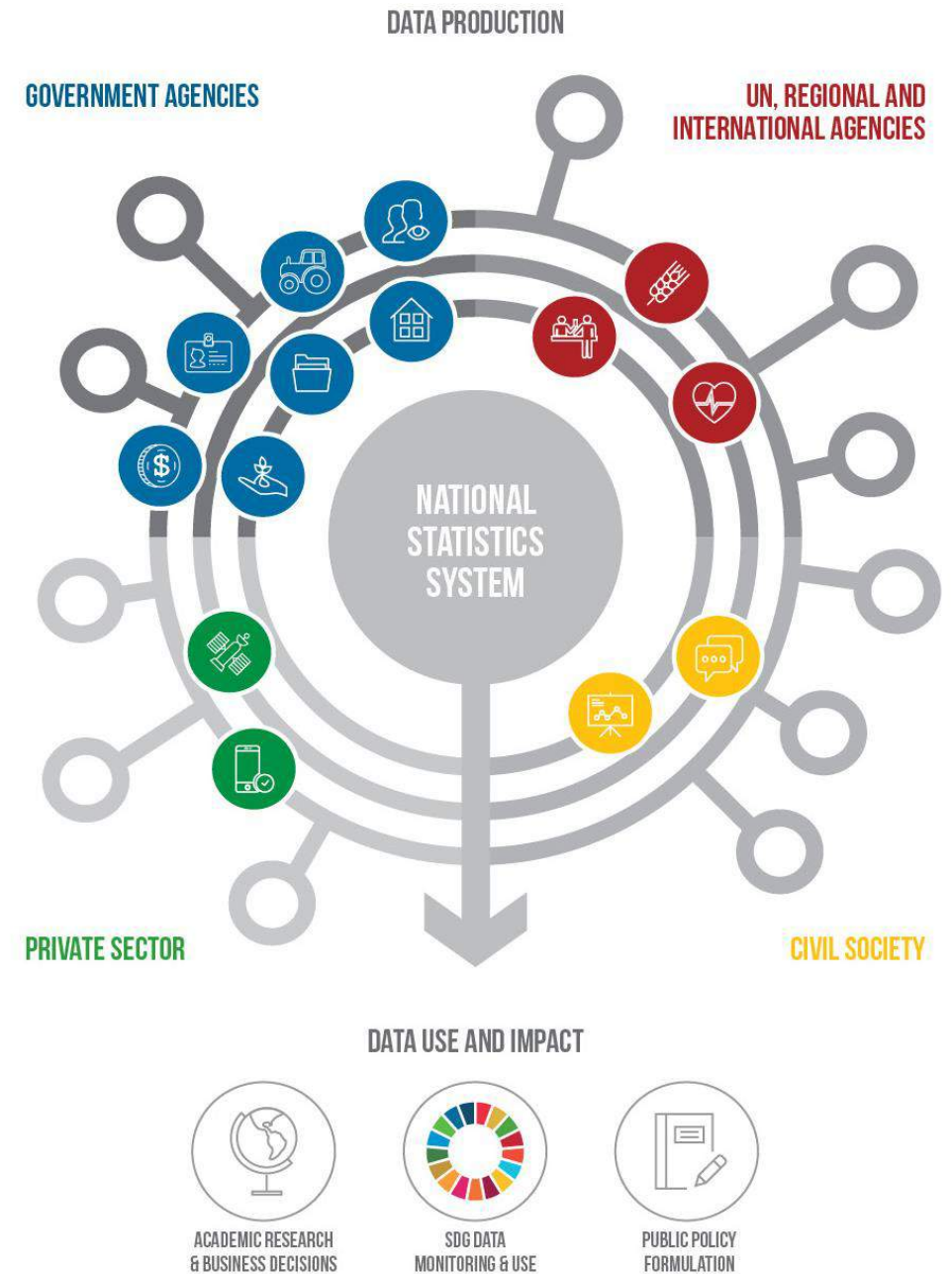
Huge increase in data demands – public and private....

	MDG's		SDG's
Country Focus	 Developing Countries		 Global
Sector-Focus, Indicator Coverage	8 / 21 / 60 Goals / Targets / Indicators		17 / 169 / 230 Goals / Targets / Indicators
Level of Disaggregation	 National		 Leave No One Behind
Financing	 Largely Donor Financed		  Domestic Resource Mobilization, New Sources of Financing

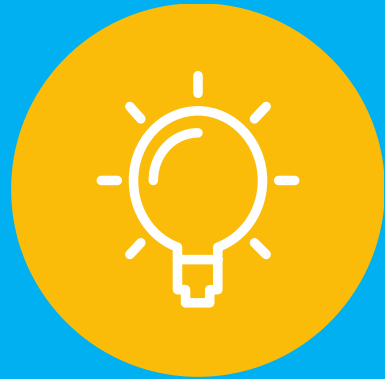
The scope and scale of the SDGs present new challenges and opportunities for monitoring development progress, requiring a vastly expanded data collection effort and granular disaggregation of data.

...and a Changing Ecosystem...

The data ecosystem is **expanding** and **diversifying** to include new users, producers, and sources of data.



What shifts in the approach are needed to
improve capacity development?





Key Questions for Today's Session

- What needs to change in CD?
- What can be maintained and should be strengthened?
- Who should be doing what?

Capacity dev.: A Shifting Approach

Traditional Approach	New Approach
Bilateral approaches, supply-driven, limited to NSS	More complex, innovation, multiple stakeholders
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Heavy reliance on technical aspects• Focus on supply side, data production and producer• Focus on national statistical systems• ODA funding low; limited results-evidence base funding; scatter among sectors on a needs-basis (e.g. health)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Expansion to building new partnerships, fostering “soft skills”, leadership, change management, advocacy• Focus on right format of production, data user, and the impact• Strengthen user groups to consume and disseminate data; data literacy• Increase levels and types of funding ; results-based funding; national-level and country systems focus

• Data Producers • Data Users • Donors

Towards a CD 4.0: Possible Building Blocks



Promote data to inform policies by putting more focus on increasing demand, use and impact



Use country system as entry points for ODA support



Pursue effective institutions and governance structures by encouraging independence and ownership



Build partnerships with other public and private data producers and innovators



Establish multi-year, results-based and collaborative financing with domestic, regional, and international sources



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